

Philippines – Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan

FACT SHEET #17, FISCAL YEAR (FY) 2014

DECEMBER 11, 2013

NUMBERS AT A GLANCE

12.2 million

People Affected by Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan in the Philippines

Government of the Philippines (GPH) National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC) – December 11, 2013

5,959

Deaths Associated with Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan in the Philippines

NDRRMC – December 11, 2013

4 million

People Displaced by Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan in the Philippines

NDRRMC - December 11, 2013

1.2 million

Houses Damaged or Destroyed by Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan in the Philippines

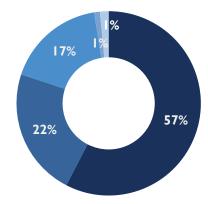
NDRRMC - December 11, 2013

\$791 million

Amount Requested by the U.N.'s Strategic Response Plan for the Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan Response in the Philippines

U.N. - December 10, 2013

USAID/OFDA¹ FUNDING BY SECTOR IN FY 2014*



- Logistics & Relief Commodities (57%)
- ■Water, Sanitation, & Hygiene (22%)
- Shelter & Settlements (17%)
- ■Protection (1%)
- Humanitarian Coordination & Information Management (1%)

*USAID/OFDA partners are mainstreaming protection into ongoing typhoon response activities in all sectors.

HIGHLIGHTS

- U.N. releases its Typhoon Haiyan Strategic Response Plan (SRP), requesting \$791 million to assist 3 million people
- USAID/OFDA provides support to Agency for Technical Cooperation and Development (ACTED) for a shelter damage survey
- USAID/OFDA-funded water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) item distributions underway in Eastern Samar Province

HUMANITARIAN FUNDING

TO THE PHILIPPINES FOR TYPHOON YOLANDA/HAIYAN TO DATE IN FY 2014

USAID/OFDA	\$20,000,000
USAID/FFP ²	\$10,064,400
DoD³	\$31,700,375

\$61,764,775

TOTAL USG ASSISTANCE TO THE PHILIPPINES

KEY DEVELOPMENTS

- On December 10, the U.N. released the SRP for the Philippines, requesting \$791 million to support the response and recovery efforts of the GPH and provide direct humanitarian assistance to 3 million people through November 2014. The SRP includes projects from 54 humanitarian partners, including 40 non-governmental organizations (NGOs).
- On December 10–11, USAID's Disaster Assistance Response Team (DART) observed U.N. World Food Program (WFP) rice distributions and assessed WFP and NGO nonfood relief and early recovery operations in Eastern Samar and Leyte provinces. The DART continues to meet with U.N. agencies and NGOs in the Philippines to discuss their typhoon responses and the progress of relief and recovery activities.
- GPH estimates of the number of houses affected by Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan continue
 to fluctuate. To assess accuracy of crowd-sourced shelter damage data gathered in
 typhoon-affected areas, USAID/OFDA recently provided approximately \$43,000 to
 ACTED to conduct a field survey. The survey results will inform USAID/OFDA's early
 recovery shelter strategy.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ USAID's Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (USAID/OFDA)

² USAID's Office of Food for Peace (USAID/FFP)

³ U.S. Department of Defense (DoD)

AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SECURITY

- Through the SRP, the Food Security and Agriculture Cluster (FSAC)—the coordinating body for food security and agriculture activities in the Philippines—is requesting \$188 million to target 3 million typhoon-affected people with food assistance and agriculture support through November 2014. The funding will support the cash-for-work, food-for-work, fisheries, and agriculture activities of 19 cluster partners.
- The DART food officer visited WFP rice distributions conducted by several NGO partners in Leyte and Samar provinces on December 10–11. WFP is targeting approximately 1 million beneficiaries with 10,000 metric tons (MT) of rice across 64 municipalities in Leyte, Panay, and Samar islands by the end of December. The DART food officer noted no major concerns at distribution sites. Beneficiaries are receiving 5 kilograms of rice per person for a two-week period, as well as blanket supplementary food for children under the age of five.
- On December 11, the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) reported that Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan most affected small-scale fishers in the Philippines, damaging or destroying tens of thousands of small boats, as well as fishing gear and critical infrastructure, such as jetties and landing ports, onshore ice and cold storage facilities, boat repair and maintenance facilities, processing factories, and markets. FAO is currently working with the GPH to prepare a recovery and reconstruction plan for all agriculture subsectors, including fisheries, and is requesting an initial \$5 million to restore the livelihoods of fishers and coastal communities affected by Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan.
- To date, USAID/FFP has provided approximately \$10 million through WFP to meet the food needs of typhoonaffected populations, including \$7.75 million for the local procurement of rice and high-energy biscuits, as well as cash
 and voucher transfers and cash-for-work activities.

LOGISTICS AND RELIEF COMMODITIES

- The DART visited WFP distribution sites in Leyte Province on December 10–11 to assess non-food relief and early
 recovery operations and reported that USAID-provided relief goods continue to reach affected communities. The
 DART noted that debris removal is advancing rapidly, electricity is being restored, and markets are functioning in many
 typhoon-affected areas.
- The DART also observed Plan International's USAID/OFDA-funded distribution of WASH items, including 50 boxes of collapsible water containers, 10 toilet slabs, and 10 plastic toilet bowls in MacArthur municipality in Eastern Samar Province. Plan International will continue distributing USAID/OFDA-provided WASH items in the coming days to outlying areas.
- As of December 8, the Logistics Cluster had facilitated the transport of approximately 4,400 MT of relief cargo via sea, road, and air. Additionally, the U.N. Humanitarian Air Service had transported 1,030 humanitarian passengers and 6 MT of cargo on nearly 160 flights to 18 locations.
- USAID/OFDA has provided nearly \$10.4 million to date for logistics support and relief commodities, including approximately \$3.3 million for USAID/OFDA commodity airlifts, \$2.1 million for the provision of emergency relief commodities, and \$5 million for logistics operations support.

PROTECTION

- The Protection Cluster recently reported that GPH Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD) representatives are focused on strengthening coordination with cluster members on protection issues.
- Activities focusing on child protection are underway—including messaging to parents and community members on child protection issues, family tracing activities, and training for approximately 200 GPH officials.
- U.N. gender-based violence (GBV) coordinators are working with DSWD representatives in typhoon-affected areas to
 mainstream GBV issues into humanitarian response activities, according to the Protection Cluster. The GBV SubCluster is undertaking a mapping exercise to assess any GBV-related humanitarian gaps and has begun protection
 messaging through radio stations in affected areas.

- The GPH has deployed additional female police officers to typhoon-affected areas and initiated the training of
 Tacloban police forces on protection issues. DSWD is coordinating with the police, the Armed Forces of the
 Philippines, and other relevant government agencies to increase awareness and outreach on protection issues.
- The GPH Department of Health, with support from the U.N. World Health Organization (WHO), recently trained 25 medical professionals from government agencies, professional associations, universities, and community organizations on WHO-recommended psychological first aid techniques to support typhoon survivors. Using a train-the-trainer approach, the Filipino psychologists, physicians, and psychiatrists who participated in the training will teach others in their communities to perform the first aid, improving access to basic psychosocial support for affected populations.

SHELTER AND SETTLEMENTS

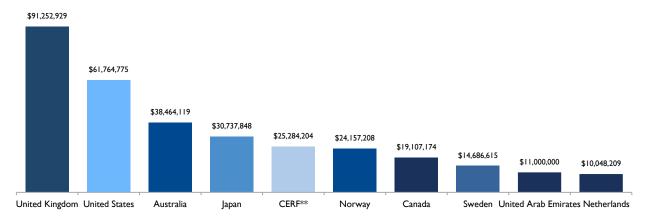
- Affected housing numbers continue to fluctuate. At present, the GPH reports that the typhoon damaged or destroyed nearly 1.2 million houses, of which approximately 594,000 were destroyed. In Eastern Visayas Region—where USAID/OFDA shelter operations are ongoing—the typhoon reportedly destroyed more than 277,000 houses, with nearly 242,000 houses experiencing partial damage.
- Shelter Cluster partners have provided emergency shelter materials, including plastic sheeting, tents, tools, and rope, to more than 122,000 households and support for shelter self-recovery, such as more substantial shelter repair kits, cash, and construction materials, including corrugated galvanized iron sheeting, to approximately 22,400 people. Overall, the majority of households have started to rebuild their damaged or destroyed homes. The U.N. reports that the availability of housing supplies, particularly corrugated galvanized iron sheeting, remains inconsistent in affected areas.
- The GPH recently released approximately \$5.3 million to support and extend the Housing Materials Assistance program, which supports permanent shelter assistance for families that do not require resettlement. Each family with a partially damaged home will receive approximately \$113.
- In recent years, remote sensing technology and open data sharing platforms have allowed rapid damage assessments and imagery analysis to provide information in critical areas. USAID/OFDA is providing approximately \$43,000 to ACTED to validate the accuracy of crowd-sourced shelter damage assessments following the typhoon. Findings from the initiative will help facilitate the use of crowd-sourced damage assessments in more formal settings and link crowd-sourced assessments with other rapid assessment initiatives, speeding up the flow of information from shelter assessments during this and other emergency responses and helping to validate the results of various assessments.

INTERNATIONAL ASSISTANCE

• On December 10, the U.N. released the SRP for Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan in the Philippines, requesting \$791 million to provide direct humanitarian assistance to 3 million people through November 2014—one year after the disaster occurred. The SRP, which includes projects from 54 humanitarian partners, including 14 U.N. agencies and 40 NGOs, complements the GPH's Yolanda Recovery and Rehabilitation Plan, expected to be released in coming weeks. The SRP targets 3 million people with food security and agriculture assistance, 3 million people with WASH support, 500,000 people with emergency shelter assistance, and 400,000 people with early recovery and livelihoods support. In addition, the U.N. estimates that more than 7 million people will benefit from support to health services and up to 5 million people will benefit from protection-related activities.

2013 TOTAL HUMANITARIAN FUNDING*

PER DONOR



*Funding figures are as of December 11, 2013. All international figures are according to the Financial Tracking Service of the U.N. Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) and based on international commitments during the current calendar year, while USG figures are according to the USG and reflect the most recent USG commitments based on the current fiscal year, which began on October 1, 2013.

**Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF)

CONTEXT

- On November 8, Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan made landfall in the central Philippines, primarily affecting East Samar, Samar, and Leyte provinces.
- On November 9, U.S. Chargé d'Affaires, a.i., Brian L. Goldbeck declared a disaster in the Philippines due to the effects of Typhoon Yolanda/Haiyan.
- USAID/OFDA activated a field-based DART and corresponding Washington, D.C.-based Response Management Team (RMT) on November 9. The DART is conducting assessments in affected areas of the Philippines, liaising with other humanitarian and government actors in the country, and recommending appropriate response and recovery options. The RMT is a focal point to coordinate the USG humanitarian response, program relief activities, and provide support for the DART.

USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE FOR TYPHOON YOLANDA/HAIYAN TO DATE IN FY 20141

IMPLEMENTING PARTNER	ACTIVITY	LOCATION	AMOUNT		
USAID/OFDA ²					
ACTED	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management	Affected Areas	\$43,099		
Catholic Relief Services (CRS)	Logistics and Relief Commodities, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Leyte Province	\$3,000,000		
OCHA	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, Risk Management Policy and Practice	Affected Areas	\$250,000		
Oxfam/GB	WASH	Leyte Province	\$2,499,645		
Plan International	Logistics and Relief Commodities, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	East Samar, Leyte, and Samar Provinces	\$3,250,955		
U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF)	Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management, WASH	Affected Areas	\$750,000		
U.N. and NGOs	Logistics and Relief Commodities, WASH, Shelter and Settlements	Affected Areas	\$1,601,985		

USAID/OFDA Commodity Airlifts	Logistics and Relief Commodities	Affected Areas	\$3,257,857	
USAID/Philippines	Logistics and Relief Commodities, WASH	Affected Areas	\$100,000	
WFP	Logistics and Relief Commodities	Affected Areas	\$5,000,000	
Admin Support			\$246,459	
TOTAL USAID/OFDA ASSISTA	NCE		\$20,000,000	
USAID/FFP ³				
WFP	Title II Emergency Food Assistance	Affected Areas	\$2,314,400	
WFP	Local and Regional Food Procurement	Affected Areas	\$7,750,000	
TOTAL USAID/FFP ASSISTANCE	CE		\$10,064,400	
DOD				
DoD	Logistics	Affected Areas	\$31,700,375	
TOTAL DOD ASSISTANCE			\$31,700,375	
TOTAL USG HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO THE PHILIPPINES FOR TYPHOON YOLANDA/HAIYAN			\$61,764,775	

¹ Year of funding indicates the date of commitment or obligation, not appropriation, of funds.

PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. A list of humanitarian organizations that are accepting cash donations for disaster responses around the world can be found at www.interaction.org.
- USAID encourages cash donations because they allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as transportation routes, staff time, and warehouse space); can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; and ensure culturally, dietary, and environmentally appropriate assistance.
- More information can be found at:
 - The Center for International Disaster Information: www.cidi.org or +1.202.821.1999.
 - Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at www.reliefweb.int.

² USAID/OFDA funding represents actual or obligated amounts as of December 11, 2013.

³ USAID/FFP funding reflects estimated value of food assistance.